Clinical Policy: Total Artificial Heart
Reference Number: CP.MP.127
Last Review Date: 11/20

See Important Reminder at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description
The SynCardia temporary Total Artificial Heart (TAH) (SynCardia Systems Inc.), formerly known as the CardioWest Total Artificial Heart, is a biventricular pulsatile pump that replaces the patient’s native ventricles and valves. This policy describes the medical necessity requirements for the total artificial heart.

Policy/Criteria
I. It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation® that the TAH is medically necessary as a bridge to heart transplantation when all of the following criteria are met:
   A. Member/enrollee is approved for cardiac transplant and is currently on transplant list;
   B. New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class IV;
   C. Presence of non-reversible biventricular failure unresponsive to all other treatments;
   D. Ineligible for other ventricular support devices;
   E. Compatible donor heart is currently unavailable;
   F. Imminent risk of death;
   G. The device is U.S. FDA approved and used according to the FDA-labeled indications, contraindications, warnings and precautions;
   H. Member/enrollee is able to receive adequate anti-coagulation while on the total artificial heart.

II. It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation that the TAH is experimental/investigational for use as destination therapy (permanent replacement of the failing heart).

III. It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation that hospital discharge of members/enrollees implanted with the TAH who are supported by portable drivers (e.g., the Freedom portable driver) is experimental/investigational.

Background
Heart transplantation has become the standard treatment for eligible patients with irreversible biventricular failure unresponsive to medical and surgical treatment. The SynCardia temporary Total Artificial Heart (TAH) system is indicated as a bridge to transplantation in cardiac transplant eligible candidates at risk of imminent death from biventricular heart failure. The TAH is a biventricular pulsatile pump that replaces the patient’s native ventricles and valves and pumps blood to both the pulmonary and systemic circulations. The system consists of the implantable TAH and an external console connected by drivelines.

There is limited evidence on the use of TAH as a bridge to transplantation as compared with the use of left ventricular assist devices. However, the available evidence demonstrates that the
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TAH improves survival in transplant-eligible patients with biventricular heart failure at imminent risk of death.¹ There is insufficient evidence on the use of TAH as destination therapy.

The TAH was originally approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for in-hospital use. On June 26, 2014, the FDA approved the SynCardia Freedom portable driver for use in patients who have been implanted with the TAH and are clinically stable. The portable driver allows patients to be discharged from the hospital while waiting for a donor heart. There is a paucity of data evaluating the SynCardia Freedom portable driver. A retrospective review of 30 patients who underwent TAH implantation, 11 of whom successfully transferred to portable driver, reported that 90% of the 11 were bridged to transplantation. Five (45.5%) of 11 patients were discharged home and 5 (45.5%) remained in-patient on the portable driver before transplantation. Six patients (55%) transferred to the portable driver required a return to a main driver console. Two patients were temporarily maintained on the main driver then returned to the Freedom Driver for bridge to transplantation.² According to UpToDate, as of 2017, there were fewer than 20 patients out-of-hospital in the United States with TAH.¹⁴

The SynCardia 50cc temporary Total Artificial Heart (TAH) is a smaller version of the SynCardia 70cc TAH. The 50cc temporary Total Artificial Heart System (50cc TAH-t) has received U.S. FDA approval as a bridge to transplantation in cardiac transplant eligible patients at risk of imminent death from biventricular failure. According to the manufacturer, Syncardia, the device is intended for use as a bridge to transplant in patients with smaller stature (i.e., BSA ≤ 1.85m²) and adequate T10 measurement (posterior sternum to anterior spine measurement at T10) or adequate room in the chest as determined by 3D imaging assessment or by other standard clinical assessments. Per SynCardia, those with a T10 measurement ≥ 10 cm should be considered for the 70cc TAH.¹⁴ Studies evaluating the 50cc TAH is very limited. A review of the SynCardia database between December 1985 and October 2019 identified fifty-one children supported, 36 with the 70 cc TAH-t and 15 with the 50 cc TAH-t with a total support time of 6,243 days. The number of implants has increased with time (19 between 2015 and 2019). A total of 13 patients have been converted to Freedom Driver support, seven 50 cc TAH-t and six 70 cc TAH-t. The majority of implants in the last 5 years (15/19, 79%) have been with the 50 cc TAH-t.¹³

**Coding Implications**

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT® Codes</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>33927</td>
<td>Implantation of a total replacement heart system (artificial heart) with recipient cardiectomy</td>
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<tr>
<th>CPT® Codes</th>
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<tr>
<td>33928</td>
<td>Replacement or repair of thoracic unit of a total replacement heart system (artificial heart)</td>
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### ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes that Support Coverage Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ICD-10-CM Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>150.20-150.23</td>
<td>Systolic (congestive) heart failure</td>
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<tr>
<td>150.30-150.33</td>
<td>Diastolic (congestive) heart failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150.40-150.43</td>
<td>Combined systolic (congestive) and diastolic (congestive) heart failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150.82</td>
<td>Biventricular heart failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150.84</td>
<td>End stage heart failure</td>
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<tr>
<td>150.9</td>
<td>Heart failure, unspecified</td>
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### Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals

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<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Approval Date</th>
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<tr>
<td>Policy adopted from Health Net NMP188.</td>
<td>9/16</td>
<td>12/16</td>
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<tr>
<td>References reviewed and updated.</td>
<td>11/17</td>
<td>12/17</td>
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<tr>
<td>References and codes reviewed and updated. Changed wording in I.G (criteria related to thoracic space) to allow for either body measurement, not both, to be considered.</td>
<td>12/18</td>
<td>12/18</td>
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<tr>
<td>References reviewed and updated. Specialist review.</td>
<td>11/19</td>
<td>11/19</td>
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<tr>
<td>In I.G, removed specifications about chest size related to the device, and added that the requested device is FDA approved and will be used according to FDA indications, which include chest measurements. Background updated. Specialist review. Replaced “member” with “member/enrollee” in all instances.</td>
<td>10/20</td>
<td>11/20</td>
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### References


**Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. “Health Plan” means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan’s affiliates, as applicable.

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This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of member/enrollees. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for member/enrollees. Member/enrollees should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

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**Note:** For Medicaid member/enrollees, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

**Note:** For Medicare member/enrollees, to ensure consistency with the Medicare National Coverage Determinations (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCD), all applicable NCDs, LCDs, and Medicare Coverage Articles should be reviewed prior to applying the criteria set forth in this clinical policy. Refer to the CMS website at [http://www.cms.gov](http://www.cms.gov) for additional information.

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